



**ENERGY MANAGEMENT
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WEBINAR

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Utilizing Digital Twins of Operational Data

With your speakers



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Utilizing Digital Twins of Operational Data

Utilizing Digital Replicas of Facility Operational Data, Analytic Results, and KPIs for Optimal Facility Management



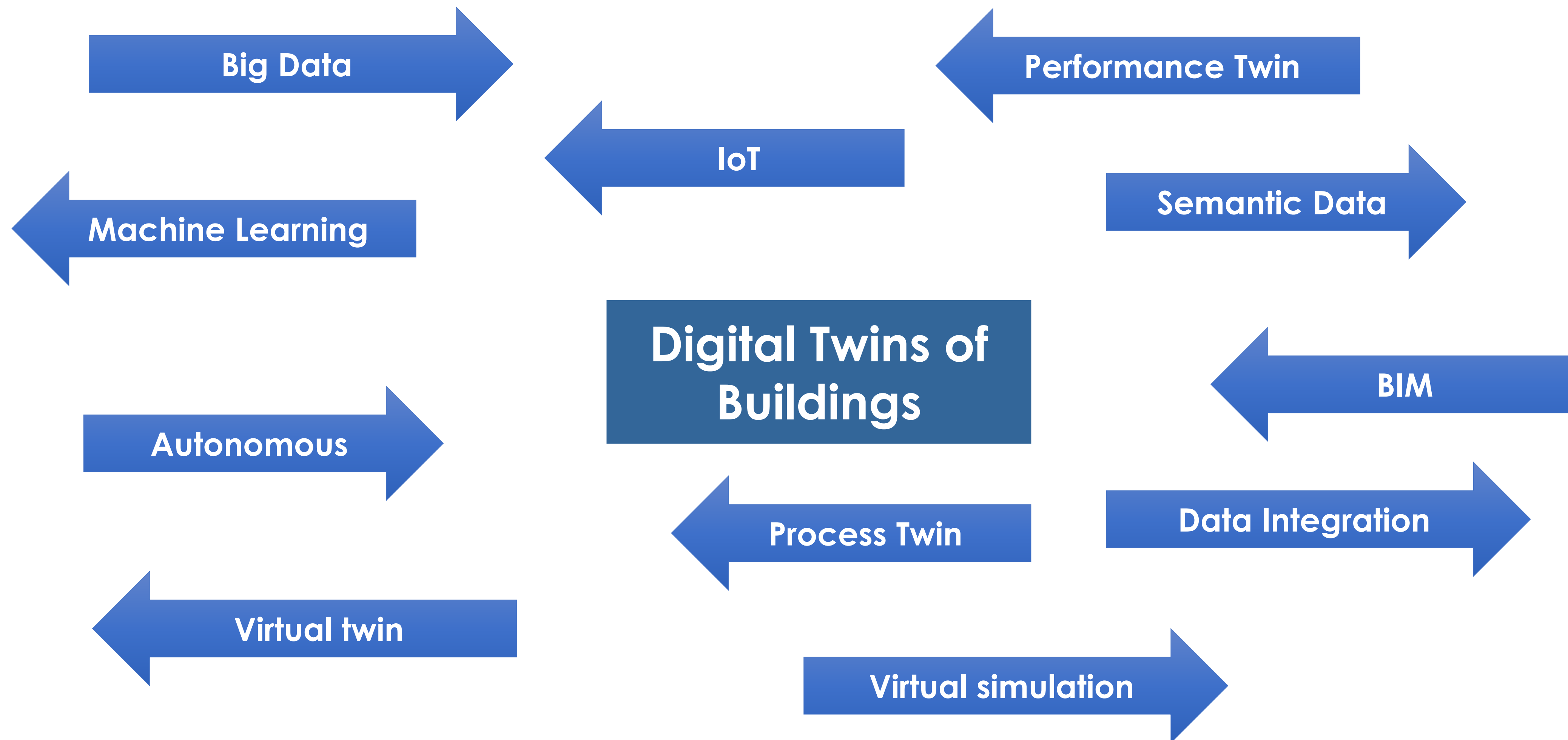
Agenda

- 1. Digital Twins: Why The Confusion?**
- 2. Defining Digital Twins & Replicas**
- 3. How to get started?**

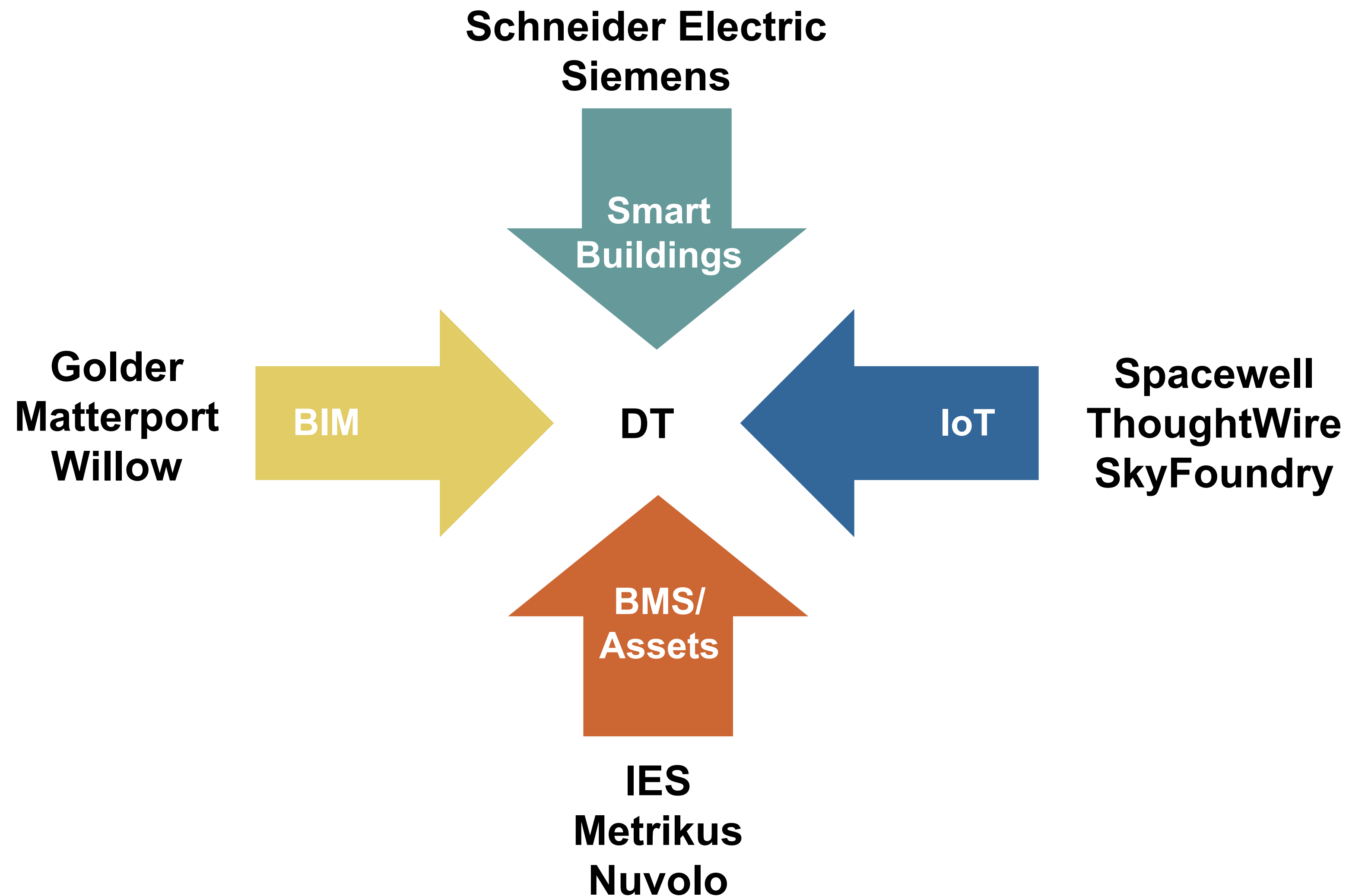
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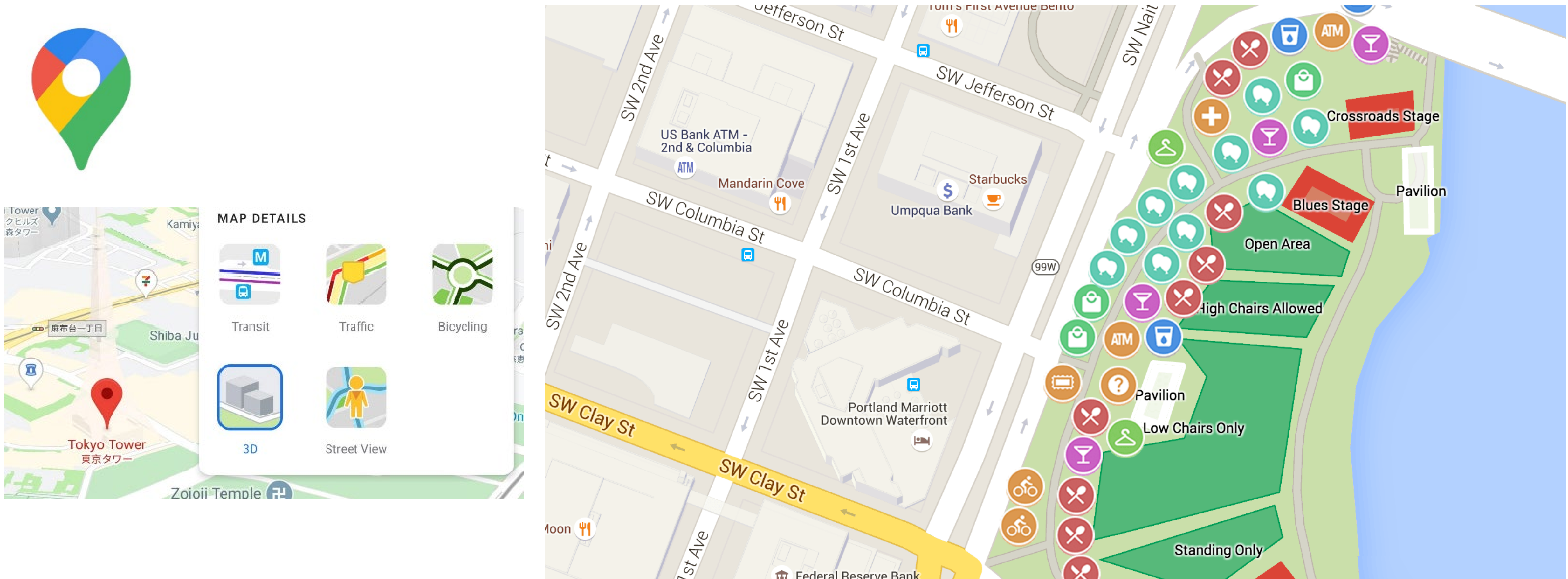
Digital twins for buildings – it has become a world of confusion!



Digital twin offerings come in different shapes and sizes



Many of us are already using digital twins in our daily lives

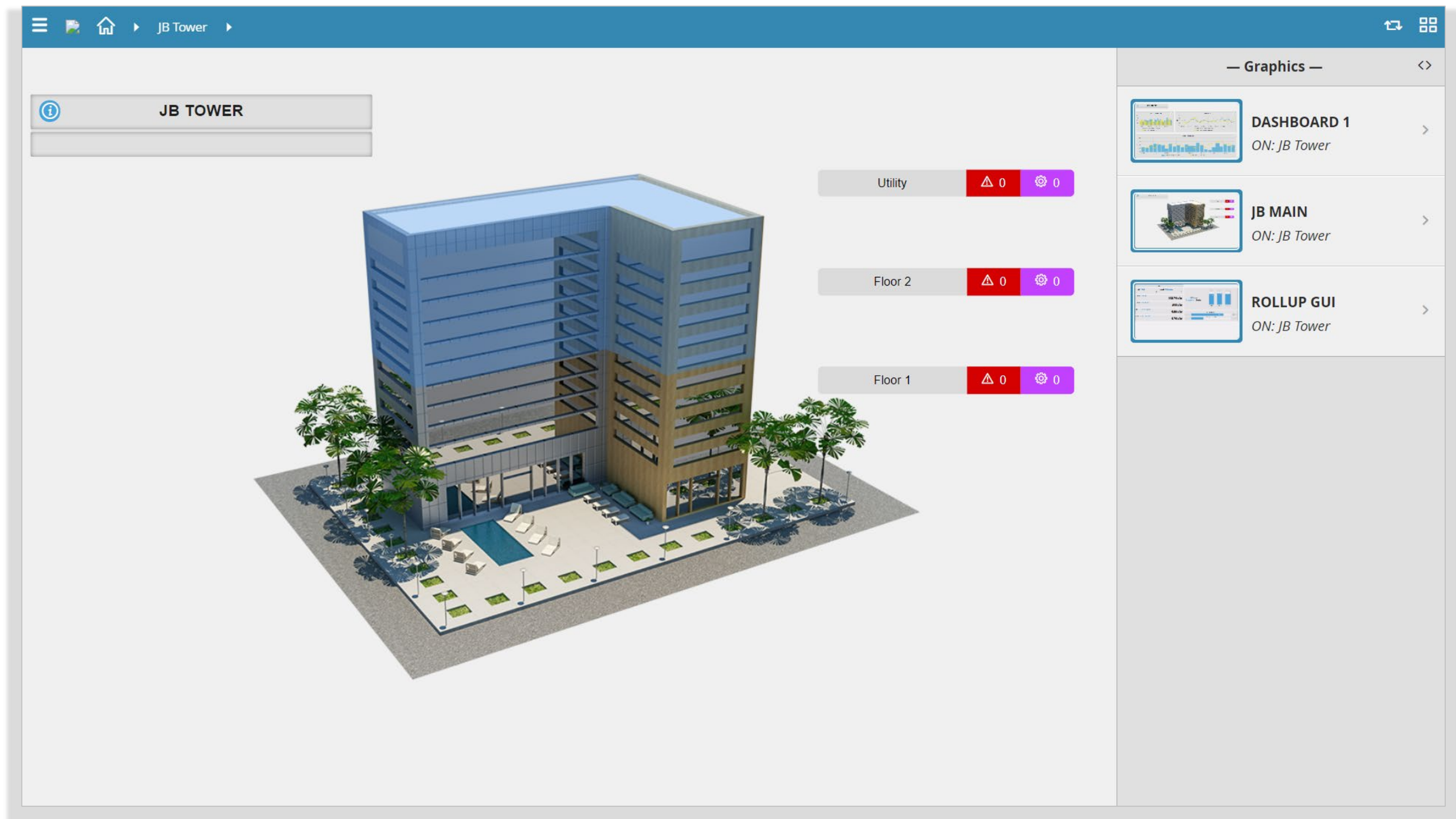


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Digital Twins & Data Replicas

- The term Digital Twin is often associated with a 3D model of a facility
- Typically based on a BIM data model of the physical asset
(BIM – Building Information Model)



- But there are other representations of digital twins (or digital data replicas)

Digital Twins – IIC Definition

Industrial Internet Consortium (IIC)

A digital twin is a formal digital representation of some asset, process or system that captures attributes and behaviors of that entity suitable for communication, storage, interpretation or processing within a certain context.

The digital twin information includes, but is not limited to, combinations of the following categories:

- physics-based model and data,
- analytical models and data,
- time-series data and historians,
- transactional data,
- master data,
- visual models
- computations

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Combining Physical Data Replicas and Operational Data Replicas

- Combining digital data that represents the physical model of a building with...
- A normalized digital representation of all operational data associated with equipment systems, sensors, meters, and devices that support the occupant environment...
- Provides the basis for a range of “digital twin” applications

Getting There: Integrating Physical Data Replicas and Operational Data Replicas

- Even in modern buildings with “smart” communicating devices, equipment systems are often siloed – e.g.,
 - building automation system data not combined with utility usage and cost data,
 - different systems use different protocols and data formats, some data comes from external webservices
 - proprietary databases in software applications, and on and on
- Even the newest IoT devices are often islands – on their own separate networks, with separate user interfaces, data repositories, communication protocols and API’s for data access – “open does not mean standard”
- Facility managers can not have effective situational awareness and the ability to ensure optimal operation of their facilities without a solution that unifies operational data
- Unifying digital information is an essential step in achieving truly intelligent buildings and is a key element in the “stack” of technology to accomplish a digital twin

Key Requirements of a Comprehensive Digital Data Replica of Operational Data

- The ability to **connect** to highly diverse data sources. More than just sensors, HVAC equipment, and BAS.
 - Ex: Utility feeds of consumption and pricing data, asset data, facility characteristics, production metrics - all need to be brought together for effective management.
- **Normalization** of the diverse data, using a methodology that provides high fidelity semantic information (metadata) that describes the meaning of the data.
- The data platform must be more than simply aggregated data storage, **i.e., a “data lake”**. The data needs semantic “metadata” to represent its meaning to make it easily used across diverse applications
- Applying metadata is an essential element of implementing an effective digital twin data replica
 - For modeling of the physical attributes of a building BIM is the industry standard
 - For modeling of the data associated with building equipment systems Haystack (<http://project-haystack.org>) is most often used

Key Requirements of a Comprehensive Digital Data Replica of Operational Data

- The ability to provide **live data** for users that need it, while providing others with a complete working “**digital twin**” of their data even when **offline from the building systems**.

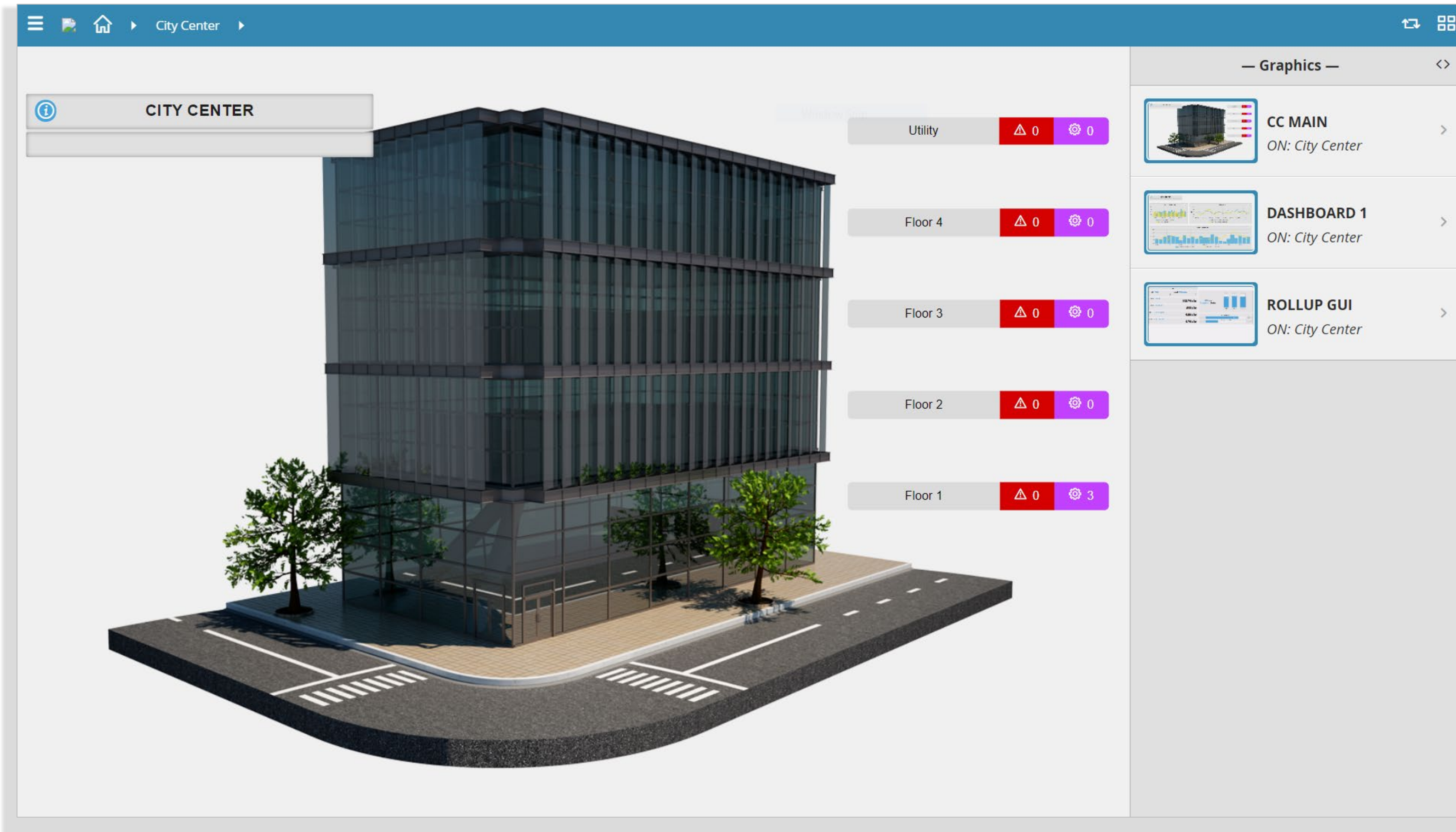
This is a key distinction – there is a need for more than Apps that view live data. We need to be able to create a complete replica of all data up to the last moment the data was available.

This is especially important in the case of interruptible/unreliable network connections, and in applications such as energy and performance analysis, modeling, benchmarking and M&V that is better performed offline and requires extensive historical data

Providing Operators with Relevant Information

- Users – service technicians, financial managers, energy engineers or customer experience professionals – need the ability to access and view the data **they care about** via a variety of applications, analysis tools and reporting applications
- Having all operational data brought together in a unified and normalized platform provides a foundation for a range of “digital twin” applications
- Let’s look at some use cases...

Digital Twin Applications – Providing Operators with Information and Context



- Example: Overlaying operational data on 3D model of a facility
- Combines operational data with physical model

Use Cases for Digital Twins & Data Replicas

- Visualization of data in an array of tools that provide functionality beyond that of any single product or system
 - Ex: Showing occupancy status and space temperatures on a floor plan
 - Ex: Enable playback of these and other conditions over time (the operational data DVR)

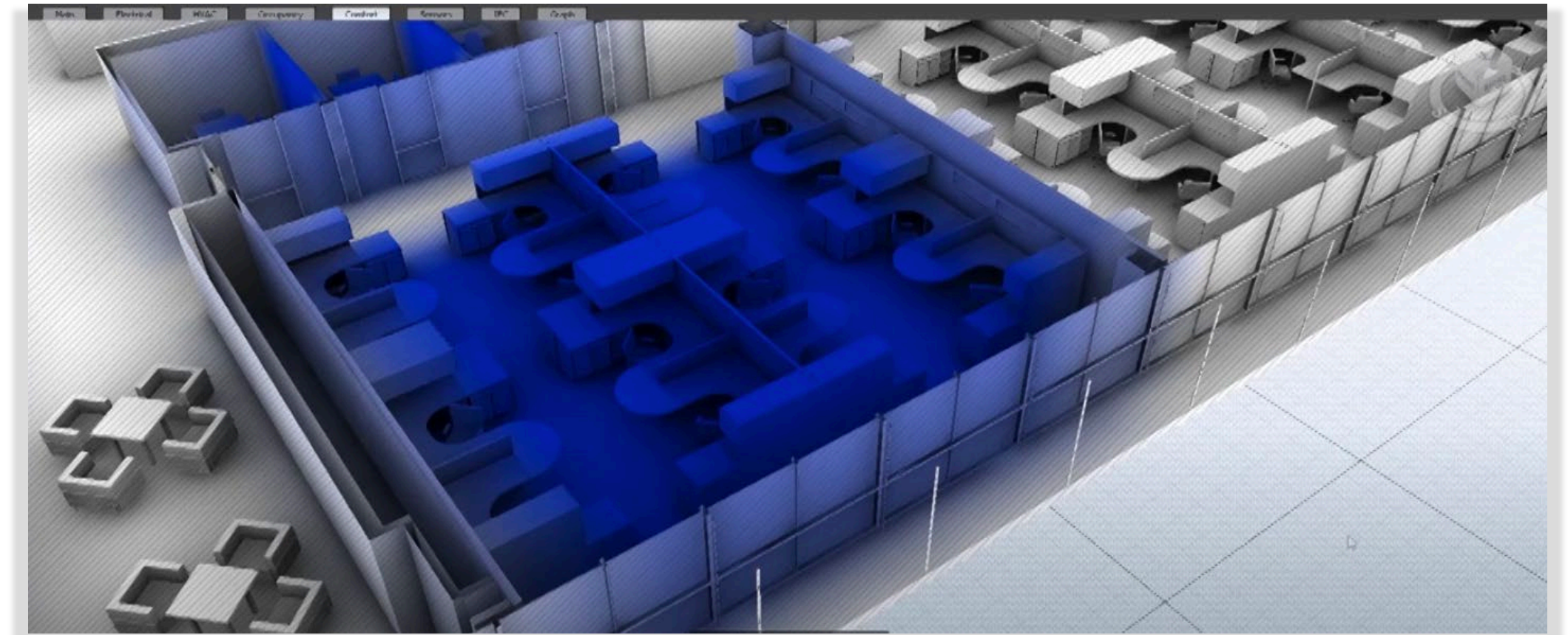


Image Autodesk Project Dasher

Many Applications Are Independent of Physical Models

- Many uses of operational data are independent of physical models
- Ex: Combining Energy consumption and tariff rate data to show impact of usage on actual costs →

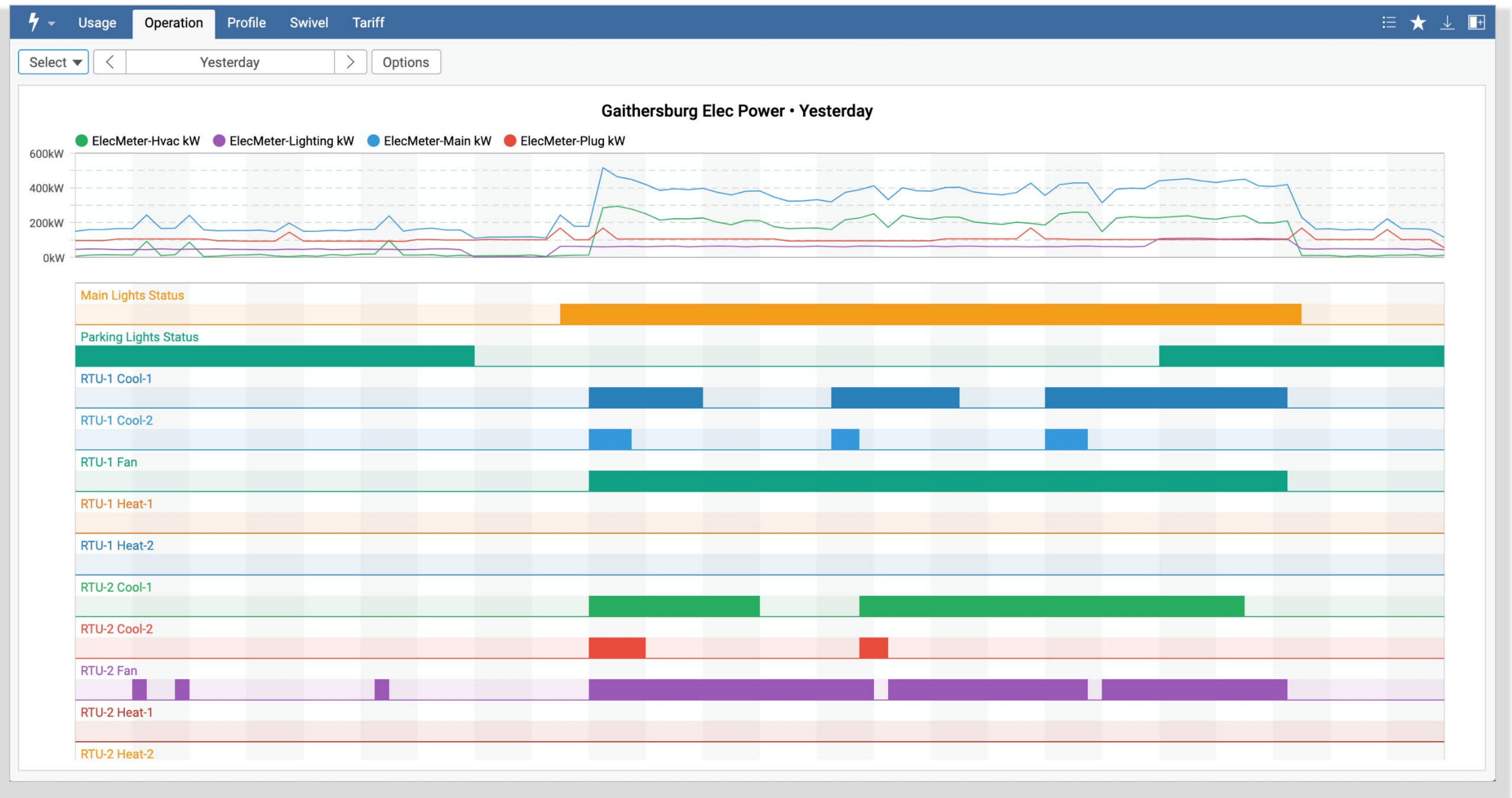


Lines = consumption and demand

Bars = tariff-based cost

Digital Twins – Applications Independent of Physical Models

- Example: Correlating energy meter data (top) and equipment operation status (bottom)
- Result: know what is causing energy use patterns

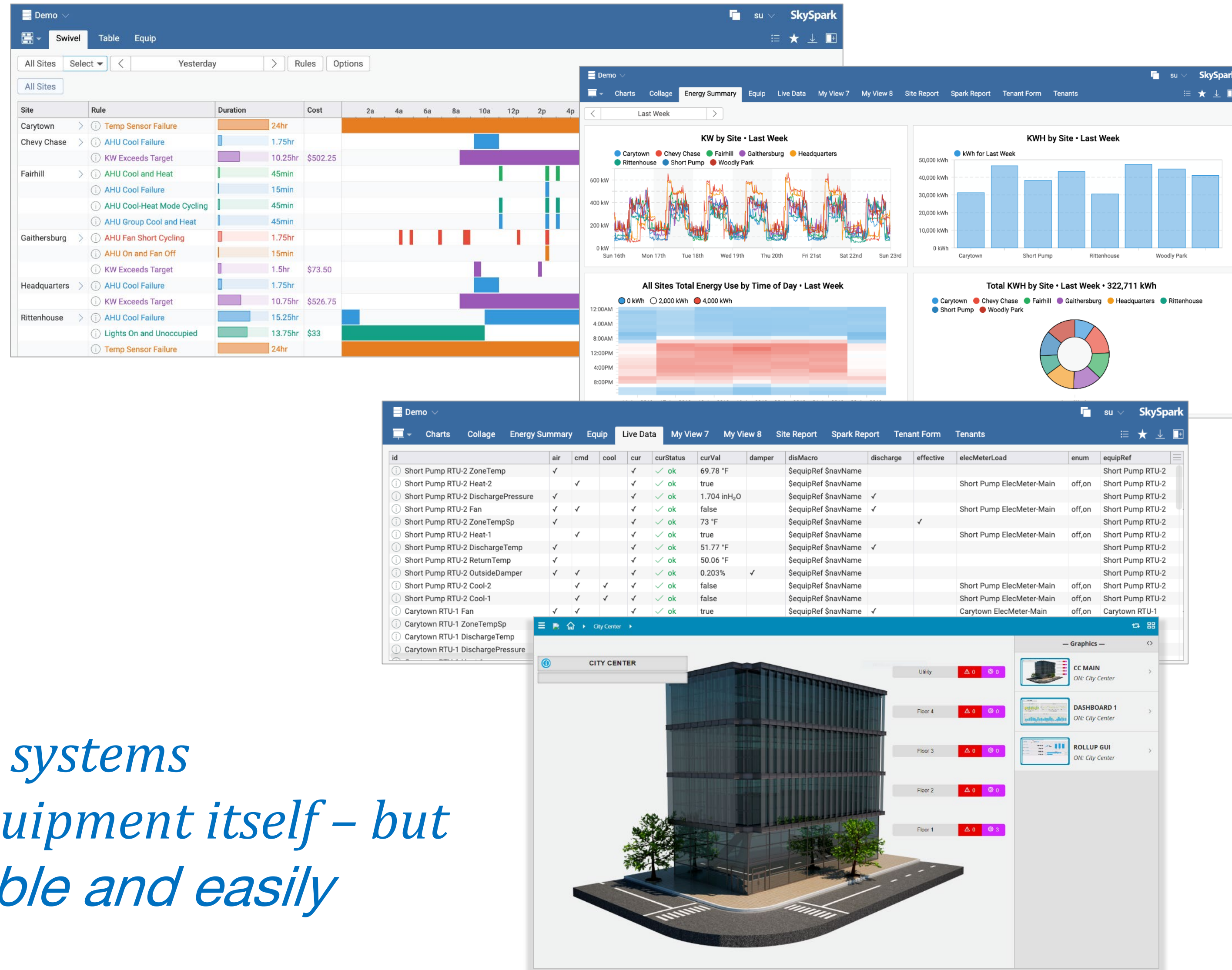


Core Functions of Digital Twin Technology

- **Data Integration** – Combining data from diverse equipment to support applications that utilize it in a variety of ways – 3D models, energy analysis, forecasting, benchmarking, design validation, etc. Impacts:
 - Communications
 - Data modeling
 - Data storage
 - Application integration (API's)
- **Data Visualization** in an array of tools that provide functionality beyond the that of any single product or system. Impacts:
 - Understanding user types and needs

The Result

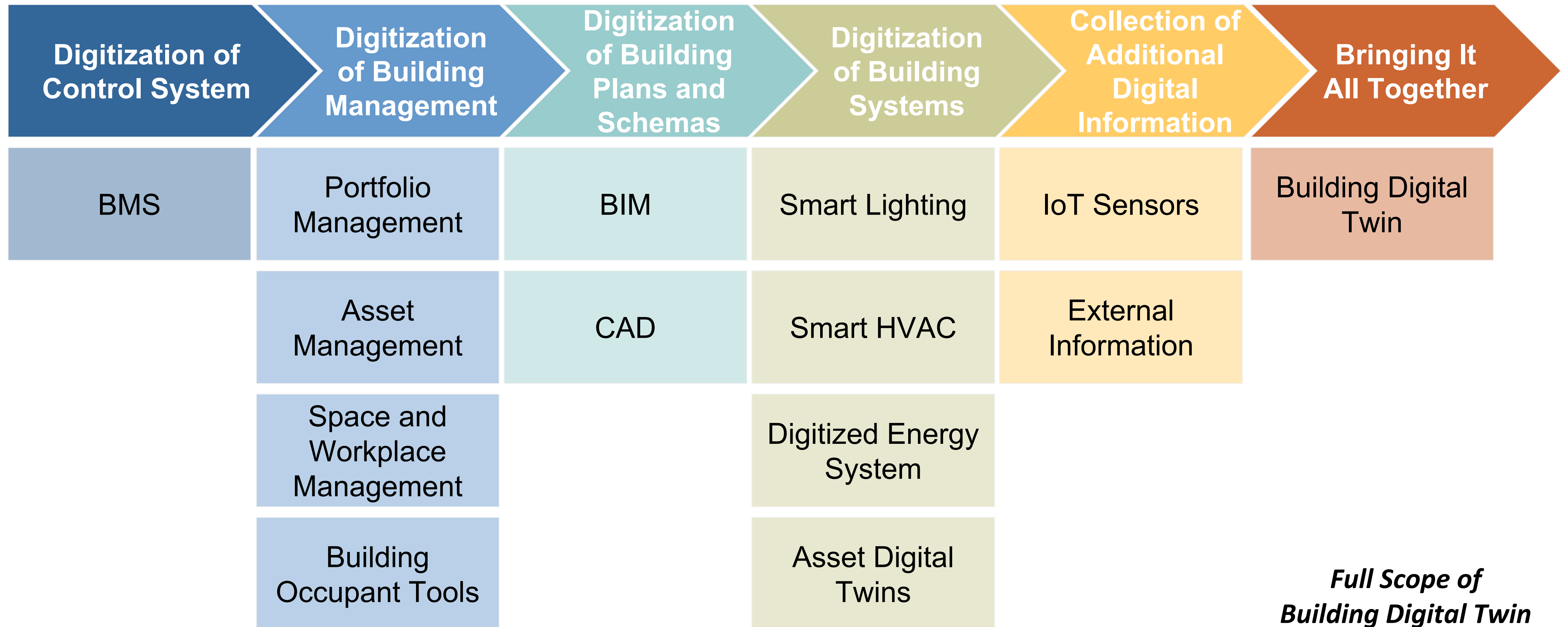
- A normalized, data replica that enables diverse users to address their individual needs for operational management, analysis and reporting
- *The data produced by equipment systems is now more valuable than the equipment itself – but only if it is normalized, accessible and easily utilized*



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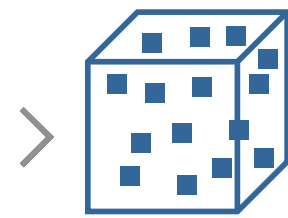
Digital twins are part of a digitization journey for buildings



You will already have some of the components in place

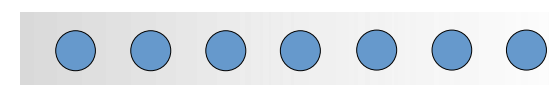
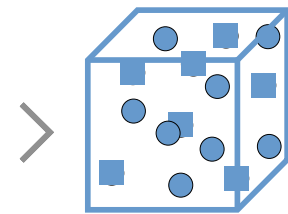
Construction Data

Materials, asset warranty, service contracts, floor and building plans,



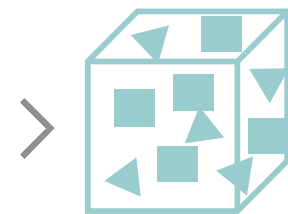
Geospatial Data

Precise asset and building location



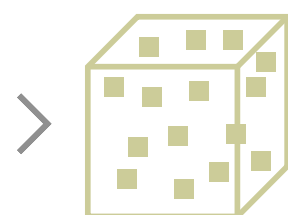
Building Assets & Systems

HVAC, fire systems, elevators, access control system, BMS/BAM, CAFM, IWMS



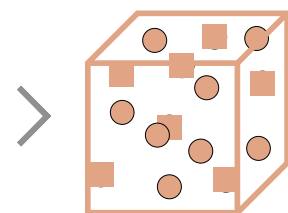
Processes Data

Workflow execution, asset set point, schedules



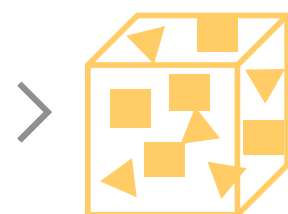
IoT Data

Sensors and meters for live asset data, occupancy data, indoor environment data



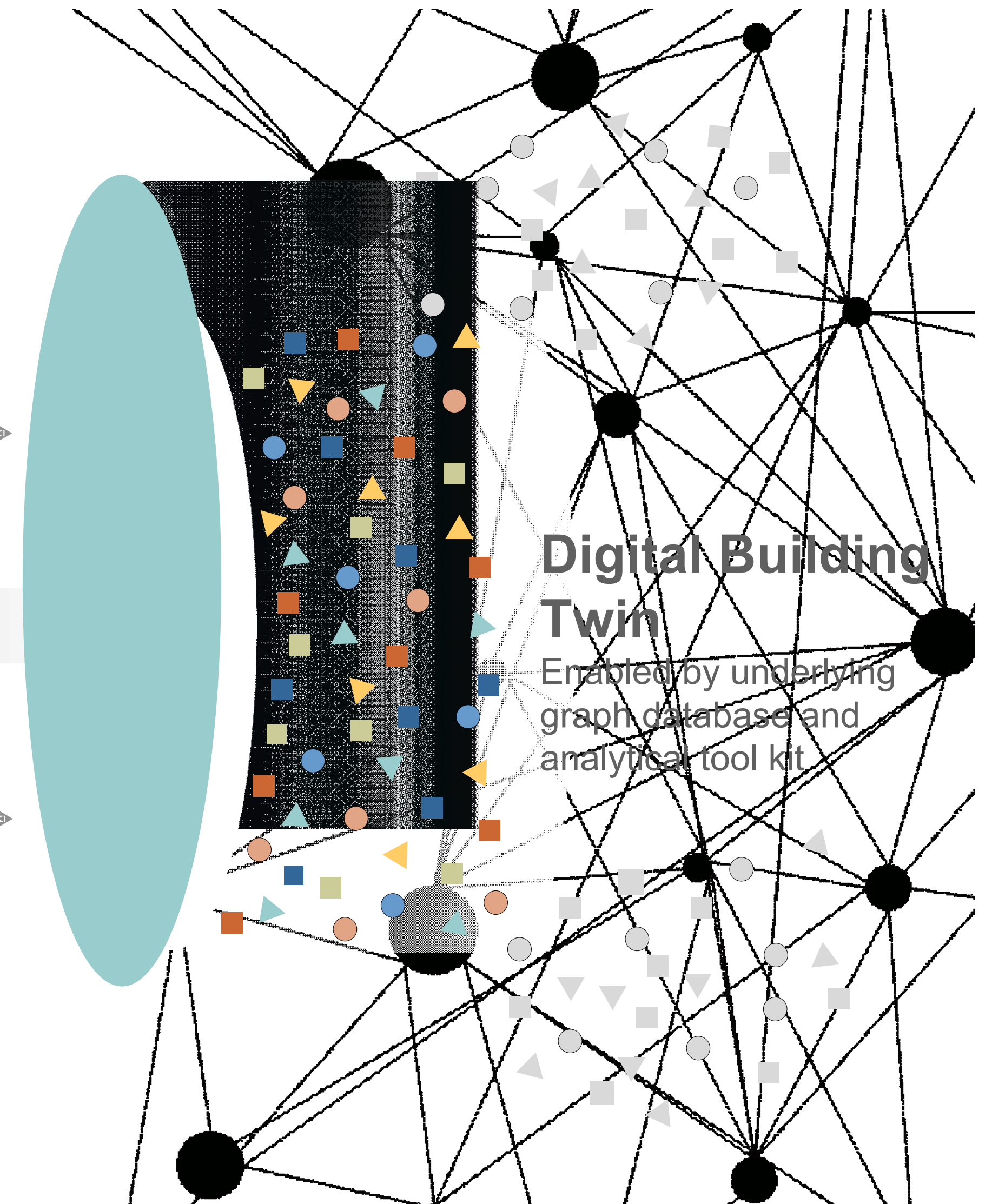
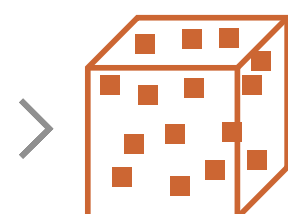
Business Data

Current leases, tenant information, free floors, building/floor revenue

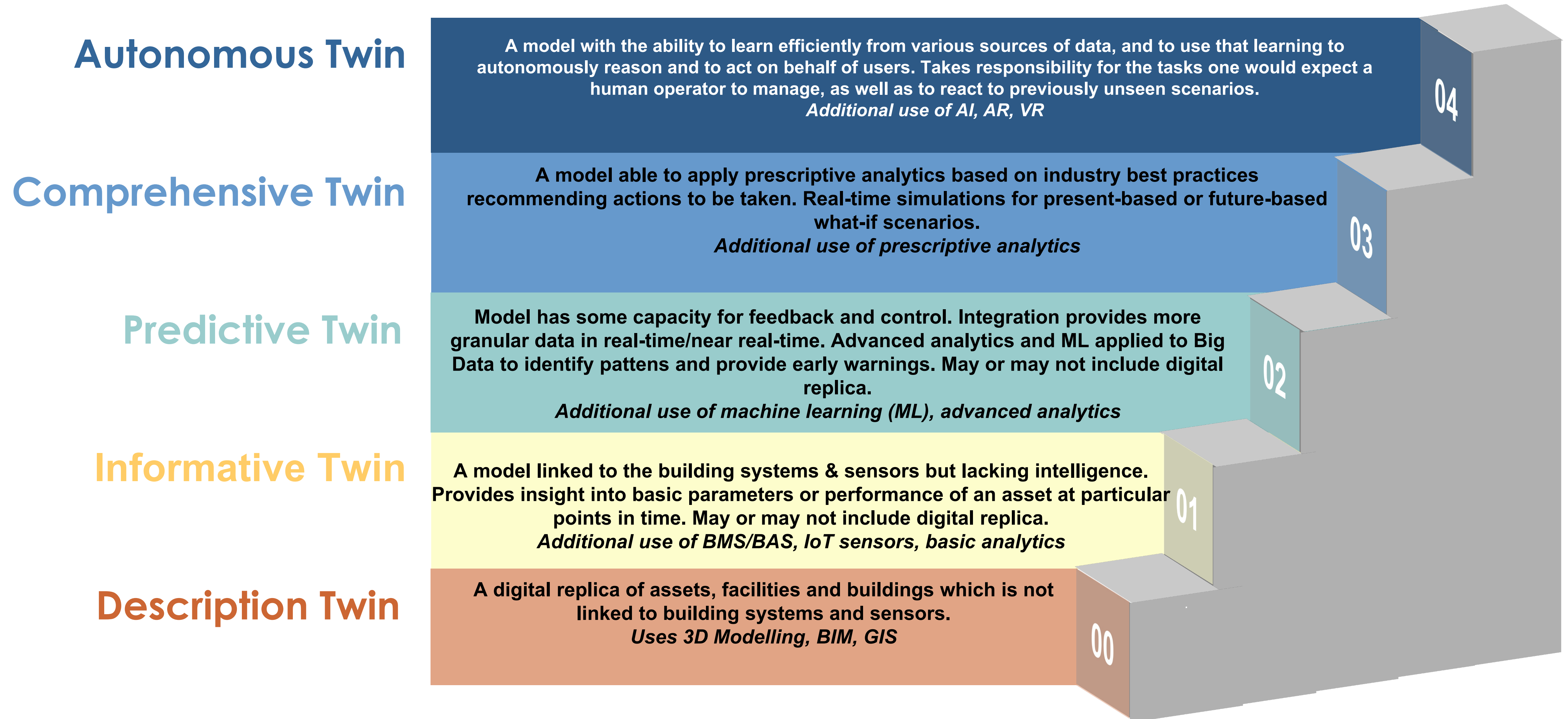


External Data

From third party sources



Think about your end vision



Four strategies to get value from digital twins now

Get the basics in place

Data cleaning, insist on open protocols and easily accessible data for all future building technology investments

Insist on access to a construction twin

Engage early with architectural and engineering teams to ensure access the final BIM models

1

2

Prioritize operational twins

Prioritize IoT platforms with a database optimized for efficiently managing huge volumes of “machine data”

3

4

Use your HQ to stake out a leadership role

Get involved in pilot projects at your flagship buildings



Thank you!

John Petze

Susan Clarke

SkyFoundry



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QUESTIONS?

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